

Revision Version 4

Revision Date 24/06/2019

# SAFETY DATA SHEET 96150000 - IKO Hyload DPC Lap Adhesive- V4

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Iko Hyload DPC Lap Adhesive

Product Code 96150000

Product UFI GC9W-D2KE-7X8Q-AEWF

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Contact Adhesive

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier IKO Plc

Appley Lane North Appley Bridge Wigan Lanchasire WN6 9AB

Tel: 0844 412 7224 Fax: 0844 412 7205 www.ikogroup.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number IKO PLC ++44 (0) 845 412 7224 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Human health EUH066; Eye Irrit. 2 - H319; STOT SE 3 - H336

Environment Not classified.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xi;R36. F;R11. R66, R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Human health

Irritating to eyes. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Environment

Not regarded as an environmental hazard under current legislation.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Highly Flammable

## 2.2. Label elements

Contains BUTANONE Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008





Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary Statements** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P403+233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplementary Precautionary Statements

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for

extinction.

Supplemental label information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not identified as a PBT substance. In use, may form flammable/ explosive vapour-air mixture.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

P501

### 3.2. Mixtures

ACETONE 30-60%

CAS-No.: 67-64-1 EC No.: 200-662-2 Registration Number: 01-2119471330-49

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

EUH066

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

BUTANONE 30-60%

CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC No.: 201-159-0 Registration Number: 01-2119457290-43

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

EUH066

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Move the exposed person to fresh air at once.

Inhalation

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Immediately rinse mouth and provide fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyes wide apart. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependant of the concentration and the length of exposure. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

Inhalation

There may be a feeling of tighness in the chest with shortness of breath. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Inaestion

There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.

Skin contact

There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact

There may be irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

In combusion emits toxic gases.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE! Forms explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition.

Specific hazards

Closed containers can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Avoid breathing fire vapours. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent escape of liquid. Mark contaminated areas with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not smoke, use open fire or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid inhalation of spray mist and contact with skin and eyes.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Contain the spillage using bunding.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

PERSONAL PROTECTION. Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Do not use equipment in clean up procedure which may produce sparks. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. For waste disposal, see section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8) Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Provide good ventilation.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep in original container. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Class

Flammable liquid storage.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA	- 8 Hrs	STEL -	- 15 Min	Notes
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANONE	WEL	200 ppm(Sk)	600 mg/m3(Sk)	300 ppm(Sk)	899 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### **ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)**

DNEL					
Consumer	Oral	Long Term	62	r	
Consumer	Dermal	Long Term	62	r	
Industry	Dermal	Long Term	186	r	
Consumer	Inhalation.	Long Term	200	r	
Industry	Inhalation.	Short Term	2420	r	
Industry	Inhalation.	Long Term	1210		
PNEC					
Freshwater	10.6	mg/l			
Marinewater	1.06	mg/l			
Intermittent release	21	mg/l			
Soil	29.5	mg/l			
Sediment (Marinewater)	3.04	mg/kg			
Sediment (Freshwater)	30.4	mg/kg			
		BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)			

#### DNFI

DINLL				
Consumer	Oral	Long Term	Systemic Effects	31 mg/kg/day
Consumer	Dermal	Long Term	Systemic Effects	412 mg/kg/day
Consumer	Inhalation.	Long Term	Systemic Effects	106 mg/m3
Industry	Inhalation.	Long Term	Systemic Effects	600 mg/m3
PNEC				
Freshwater	Long Term	55.8	mg/l	
Marinewater	Long Term	55.8	mg/l	
Intermittent release	Intermittent release	55.8	mg/l	
STP	Long Term	709	mg/l	
Sediment	Long Term	284.7	mg/kg	
Soil	Long Term	22.5	mg/kg	

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Protective equipment







mg/kg/day mg/kg/day mg/m3 mg/m3

## Process conditions

Ensure suitable ventilation of area. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition.

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Ensure that lighting and electrical equipment are not sources of ignition.

#### Respiratory equipment

If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a full face mask fitted with an organic AXP3 filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high exposures, compressed airline breathing apparatus should be used.

#### Hand protection

Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Use protective gloves made of: Butyl rubber. (Sk) noted above means can be absorbed through skin.

### Eye protection

Wear approved, tight fitting safety glasses where splashing is probable.

### Other Protection

Provide eyewash station.

### Hygiene measures

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water after work. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation

## Personal protection

Wear protective work clothing.

### Skin protection

Wear suitable gloves if prolonged or repeated skin contact is likely

### **Environmental Exposure Controls**

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid

Colour Colourless to pale yellow.

Odour Acetone, ketone.

Solubility Partially soluble in water. Initial boiling point and boiling range 56 Deg.C @ 760 mm Hg

(°C)

0.88 @ 20 Deg.C Relative density

Vapour pressure 10.5 kPa @ 20 Deg.C

Flash point (°C) -18 Deg.C Flammability Limit - Lower(%) 1.8% Flammability Limit - Upper(%) 13%

## 9.2. Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions if stored under normal conditions.

Hazardous Polymerisation

Will not polymerise.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials To Avoid

Strong acids. Strong oxidising substances.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In combustion emits toxic fumes

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Acute Toxicity (Oral LD50)

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

Acute Toxicity (Dermal LD50)

> 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation LC50)

> 20 mg/l (vapours) Rat

#### General information

Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

#### Inhalation

There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### Ingestion

May cause soreness and redness of mouth and throat.

### Skin contact

Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Eye contact

Irritating to eyes.

## Health Warnings

Irritating to eyes. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

#### Route of entry

Skin and/or eye contact. Inhalation.

**Target Organs** 

Central nervous system Skin Eyes

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

### **ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)**

Toxic Dose 1 - LD 50

3 mg/kg (oral-mouse)

Toxic Dose 2 - LD 50

5800 mg/kg (oral rat)

Toxic Conc. - LC 50

>20 mg/l/4h (inh-rat)

### Acute toxicity:

Acute Toxicity (Dermal LD50)

2000 mg/kg Rabbit

### **BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)**

#### Toxicological information

Vapour is irritating to eyes and respiratory tract, may cause systemic effects:narcosis, headaches. Liquid is severly irritating to eyes, irritatir to skin, and may cause dermatitis due to defatting. Ingestion may cause sore throat, nausea, diarrhoea.

#### Acute toxicity:

Acute Toxicity (Oral LD50)

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

Acute Toxicity (Dermal LD50)

> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation LC50)

> 5000 mg/l (vapours) Rat 4 hours

### Aspiration hazard:

Skin contact

Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** 

The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment

LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish mg/l 100 IC 50, 72 Hrs, Algae, mg/l >100

Ecological information on ingredients.

**ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)** 

LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish mg/l

>100

EC 50, 48 Hrs, Daphnia, mg/l

8300

Acute Toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50 48 hours 12600 mg/l Daphnia magna

IC 50, 72 Hrs, Algae, mg/l

>100

Chronic Toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates

NOEC 28 days >10<100 mg/l Freshwater invertebrates

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Acute Fish Toxicity

Low toxicity to fish

LC50 96 hours 2993 mg/l Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

EC 50, 48 Hrs, Daphnia, mg/l

308

Acute Toxicity - Aquatic Plants

EC50 96 hours 2029 mg/l Freshwater algae

Acute Toxicity - Microorganisms

EC50 96 hours > 50 mg/l Activated sludge

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradable in part only.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

Degradability

The product is easily biodegradable.

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Degradability

The product is biodegradable.

Phototransformation

Air. Degradation (98%) 28 days

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Bioaccumulative potential

The product is not bioaccumulating.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

Volatile

Ecological information on ingredients.

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Mobility:

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

Ecological information on ingredients.

**ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)** 

This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None known.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

General information

Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Waste Class

Solvent Based Adhesive Waste (Non-Halogented): 08 04 09

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1133

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name ADHESIVES

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 3

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 3: Flammable liquids.

ADR Label No. 3
IMDG Class 3

Transport Labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group II

IMDG Packing group II
ICAO Packing group II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-E, S-D
Tunnel Restriction Code (D/E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (S.I 2002 No. 2677) with amendments.

Statutory Instruments

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716).

**Guidance Notes** 

ECHA: Guidance on the Compilation of safety data sheets. (V1.1, December 2011)

**EU** Legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments. National Regulations

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended) The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. No. 1689. The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are noted for this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions of use are noted for this product.

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Issued By Supplier

Revision Date 24th August 2019

Revision 4

Supersedes date 19 August2014 SDS No. 96150000

Hazard Statements In Full

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Version History. V1 Unknown Original Document

V2 September 2013 Amended

V3 August 2014 Revised for CLP Regulations

V4 June 2019 Updated logo, added UFI code, removed DPD refs

#### Disclaimer

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